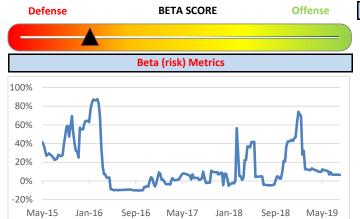
BMO Tactical Balanced ETF Fund Highlights



Market Strategy (Risk Management)

DEFENSE: The current beta is 6.2% vs. the benchmark of 55.3% down from 6.6% last week. We are looking to use currencies and duration, as two very low correlation asset classes to grow the portfolio in the next part of the economic cycle. With the shift back to easy money, gold should be a good asset class too. Equities globally are just too expensive from a risk perspective to increase the portfolio's beta. We are getting closer to shifting the portfolio beta to negative, as equities are off the charts risky. Our equity exposure will be as defensive as it can be.

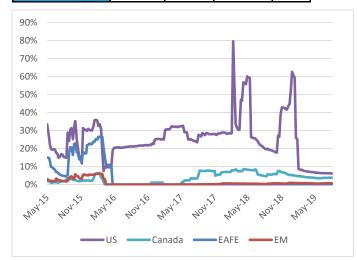
| As of: Aug 9 2019 | 08/09/19 | 07/26/19 | Change | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------|-----|--|--|
| FX (USD) | 32.5% | 32.8% | -0.3% | | | |
| Beta ² | 6.2% | 6.6% | -0.5% | | | |
| Correlation | 15.8% | 15.6% | 0.1% | | | |
| Yield ³ | 3.13% | 3.16% | -0.03% | | | |
| ETF Holdings | 16 | 16 | 0 | | | |
| Volatility ⁴ | 6.20% | 6.23% | -0.02% | | | |
| CAD | 1.3222 | 1.3207 | 0.1% | | | |
| Performance Metrics | | | | | | |
| Total Return | Net | Gross | Upside/Downside | | | |
| YTD | 6.43% | 7.57% | Upside | 32% | | |
| Prev. Month | 0.63% | 0.79% | Downside | 28% | | |
| Prev. Quarter | 1.98% | 2.46% | Months Up | 35 | | |
| Prev. Year | 2.01% | 3.93% | Months Dn | 17 | | |
| Annualized SI | 3.06% | 4.98% | | | | |
| Sharpe Ratio | 0.80 | | | | | |

| Top Holdings | | | | |
|--------------|---|----------|--|--|
| Ticker | Name | Position | | |
| ZST | BMO Ultra Short-Term Bond ETF | 39.1% | | |
| EMLC | VanEck Vectors J.P. Morgan EM Local Currency Bond ETF | 11.1% | | |
| BWZ | SPDR Bloomberg Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bon | 8.7% | | |
| FLOT | iShares Floating Rate Bond ETF | 6.4% | | |
| TLT | iShares 20+ Year Treasury Bond ETF | 5.2% | | |
| ZPR | BMO Laddered Preferred Share Index ETF | 4.9% | | |
| ZGD | BMO Equal Weight Global Gold Index ETF | 3.1% | | |
| ZPH | BMO US Put Write Hedged to CAD ETF | 1.6% | | |
| AMLP | Alerian MLP ETF | 1.6% | | |
| zwu | BMO Covered Call Utilities ETF | 1.3% | | |
| ZPW | BMO US Put Write ETF | 1.3% | | |
| zwc | BMO Canadian High Dividend Covered Call ETF | 1.1% | | |
| GLD | SPDR Gold Shares | 0.7% | | |
| GDX | VanEck Vectors Gold Miners ETF | 0.7% | | |
| ZUP | BMO US Preferred Share Index ETF | 0.6% | | |
| ZRR | BMO Real Return Bond Index ETF | 0.5% | | |
| Total | | 87.9% | | |



Tactical Asset Allocation

| Equity | US | Canada | EAFE | EM |
|----------|-------|--------|------|------|
| 08/09/19 | 6.0% | 3.9% | 0.1% | 0.8% |
| 07/26/19 | 6.3% | 3.8% | 0.1% | 0.8% |
| Change | -0.3% | 0.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% |



| Sector | 08/09/19 | 07/26/19 | Change |
|---------------|----------|----------|--------|
| Financials | 0.46% | 0.48% | 0.0% |
| Energy | 2.85% | 3.08% | -0.2% |
| Health Care | 0.51% | 0.53% | 0.0% |
| Technology | 0.53% | 0.56% | 0.0% |
| Industrials | 0.34% | 0.36% | 0.0% |
| Discretionary | 0.57% | 0.59% | 0.0% |
| Real Estate | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.0% |
| Staples | 0.15% | 0.15% | 0.0% |
| Telecom | 0.46% | 0.47% | 0.0% |
| Utilities | 0.67% | 0.68% | 0.0% |
| Materials | 4.17% | 3.96% | 0.2% |
| Government | 25.89% | 26.11% | -0.2% |
| Corporate | 45.15% | 45.94% | -0.8% |
| C\$ Cash | 17.00% | 15.72% | 1.3% |
| U\$ Cash | -4.87% | -5.00% | 0.1% |
| Preferred | 5.43% | 5.71% | -0.3% |
| Commodity | 0.69% | 0.66% | 0.0% |

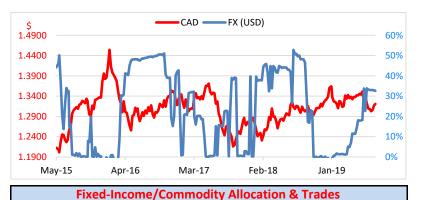
| Bonds | Corp. | Govt. | Pref. | Cash | Duration |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------|
| 08/09/19 | 45.2% | 25.9% | 5.4% | 12.1% | 2.64 |
| 07/26/19 | 45.9% | 26.1% | 5.7% | 10.7% | 2.65 |
| Change | -0.8% | -0.2% | -0.3% | 1.4% | -0.01 |

Equity Country/Sector Allocation & Trades

We are not concerned about a new bull market developing. The markets are excited about a trade resolution and a dovish Fed. Nevertheless, the global economy continues to slow and the lagged impact of tighter policy will likely have negative impacts for growth. The global economy is only growing based on leverage and easy money. In the long run, we are seeing huge misallocation of capital and the credit bubble that's building will likely end badly. China may be at the front of that wave with more banks going under while the credit risk of the S&P 500 flirting with the biggest credit bubble in history as the index makes all time highs. To say we are a growth skeptic would be an understatement. For the next several years, tactical asset allocation may be our only real return possibility. Europe is cheap because it's a house of cards with its strongest economy, Germany, basically in a recession. EM is cheap because it's leveraged to Europe. The US is overvalued because it's the only economy that's working, but that's been 100% leverage for the past decade with free money, which is coming to an end--especially with the political shift to the LEFT that could leak in more inflation than the debt load can

Currency Strategy & Trades

We have moved our U\$ target over the next year to 76-70 cents with a bias towards the ALL-TIME low of 62 cents by the time the global recession plays out. Twin deficits and stupidity in Ottawa are the catalysts along with world energy prices collapsing in the downturn. We look to build U\$\$ exposure towards 50% of the portfolio in the coming months. That would push the beta of the portfolio to negative levels where we hope to have positive returns as the bear plays out.



The most important consideration in our fixed-income portfolio is interest-rate

sensitivity versus the benchmark of 6.21. The duration of the portfolio is 2.64 down -0.01 last week. The idea that the FOMC will have to cut rates with the unemployment rate below 4% is a gross mispricing of risks. That said, it underscores how fragile the global economy is with the real yield on the entire world of fixed income negative and we cannot normalize. Worse yet, the 2020 US election will see the Democrats looking to spend bags of money as the DEBT troubles escalate. You would think that would all be bearish for bonds yet the long end of the curve is anchored. Gold should still provide a stable store of value and makes sense to own during periods of falling rates. A major breakout scenario is developing for gold and bonds.

This communication is intended for information purposes only. This update has been prepared by ETF Capital Management, the portfolio manager of BMO Tactical Balanced ETF Fund and represents their assessment at the time of publication. The views are subject to change without notice as markets change over time. The information contained herein is not, and should not be construed as, investment advice to any party. Investments should be evaluated relative to the individual's investment objectives and professional advice should be obtained with respect to any circumstance. The statistics provided in this presentation are based on information believed to be reliable, but BMO Investments Inc. cannot guarantee they are accurate or complete. BMO Global Asset Management is a brand name that comprises BMO Asset Management Inc., BMO Investments Inc., BMO Asset Management Inc. and BMO's specialized investment management firms. BMO Mutual Funds are offered by BMO Investments Inc., a financial services firm and separate legal entity from the Bank of Montreal. Commissions, management fees and expenses may be associated with mutual fund investments. Please read the prospectus before investing. Mutual funds are not guaranteed, their values change frequently and past performance may not be repeated.

1 Benchmark is the return of the targeted portfolio 60% global equities and 40% global bonds hedged to Canadian dollars; 2 Beta is a measure of how a fund responds to moves in the broader market. A beta of greater than 1.0 suggests that the fund is more volatile than the market, while a beta of less than 1.0 suggests that the fund is less volatile. 3 Yield is the most recent income received by the fund in the form of dividends, interest and other income annualized based on the payment frequency, divided by the current market value of the fund's investments. 4 Volatility is the annualized standard deviation which is a measure of risk. 5 Upside/Downside is a statistical measure of how much of the fund performance a manager captured during up-markets or down-markets. Typically, an investor would prefer a higher upside capture and lower downside capture. The time period presented is since inception. 6 Standard Deviation is a measure of risk that calculates the variation of a fund's performance around its average over a specific time period.

* "BMO (M-bar roundel)" is a registered trade-mark of Bank of Montreal, used under licence. ETF Capital Management is a registered trade name of Quintessence Wealth, a Portfolio Manager, Investment Fund Manager and Exempt Market Dealer registered with the Canadian Securities Administrators.