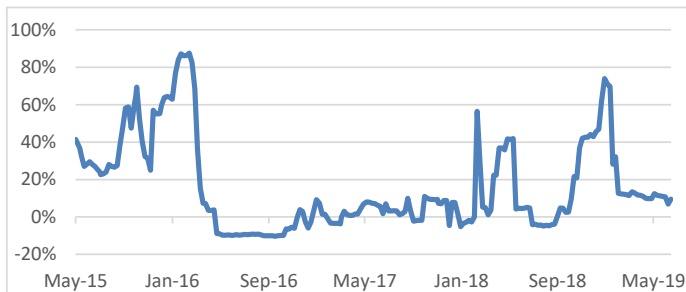


# BMO Tactical Balanced ETF Fund Highlights

Defense BETA SCORE Offense



Beta (risk) Metrics



As of: Jun 14 2019	06/14/19	06/07/19	Change
FX (USD)	22.7%	33.7%	-11.1%
Beta <sup>2</sup>	9.4%	6.9%	2.6%
Correlation	20.8%	16.6%	4.2%
Yield <sup>3</sup>	3.18%	3.27%	-0.09%
ETF Holdings	16	16	0
Volatility <sup>4</sup>	6.31%	6.32%	-0.01%
CAD	1.3414	1.3267	1.1%

Performance Metrics

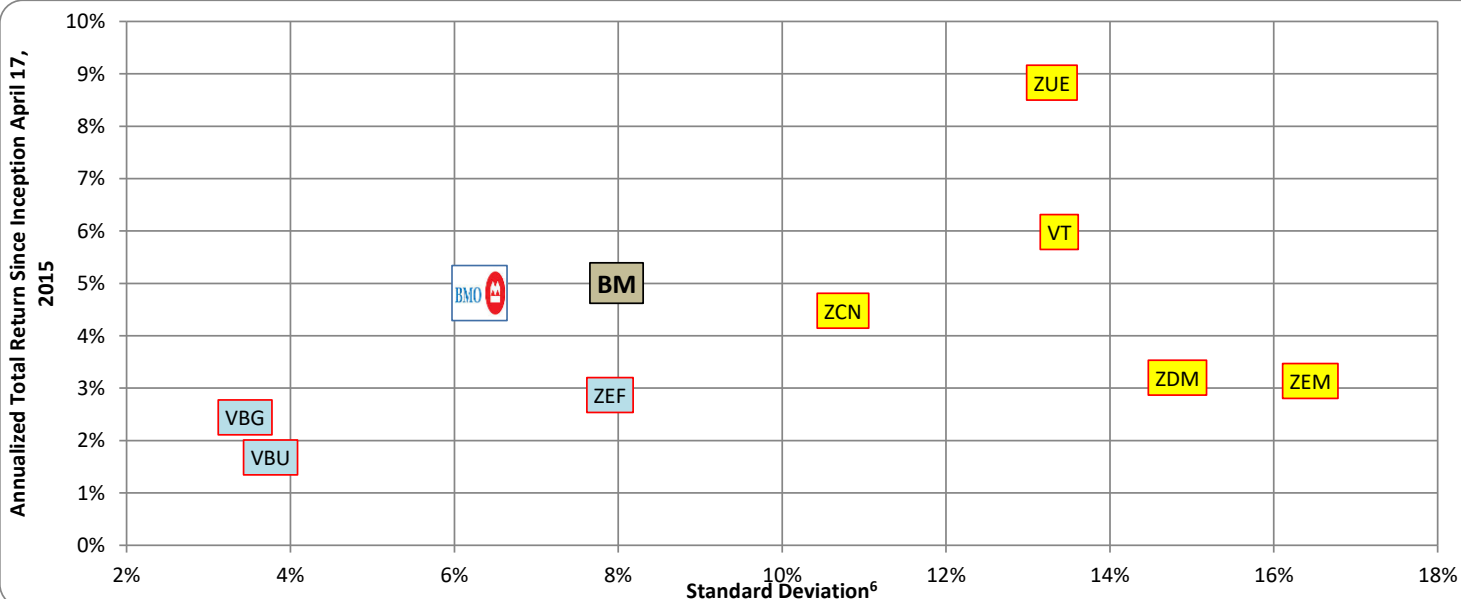
Total Return	Net	Gross	Upside/Downside <sup>5</sup>
YTD	5.24%	6.09%	Upside 35%
Prev. Month	0.66%	0.82%	Downside 29%
Prev. Quarter	0.52%	1.00%	Months Up 33
Prev. Year	0.65%	2.57%	Months Dn 17
Annualized SI	2.89%	4.81%	
Sharpe Ratio	0.76		

## Market Strategy (Risk Management)

DEFENSE: The current beta is 9.4% vs. the benchmark of 55.4% up from 6.9% last week. The change to beta was currency related as the US\$ rallied globally and we look to capitalize on tactical shifts in currencies as the US\$ becomes a key political pawn as we head into the 2020 elections, a slowing global economy, escalating trade wars, and heightened geopolitical risks (Iran being the hottest at the moment). We heard from Fedspeak last week that the Zero Lower Bound (ZLB) is now the Effective Lower Bound (ELB). To us and many other macro fed watchers we follow, they have put negative rate tools on the table. Just need to look at Japanese and European banks to know what will happen globally. It also might mean the crazy overvalued utilities sector is about to get stupid overvalued. In any case, these pushing on a string policies are causing all sorts of bubbles and capital misallocations. Generating positive real yield while focusing on capital preservation in the coming years will likely be your best investment in the coming years.

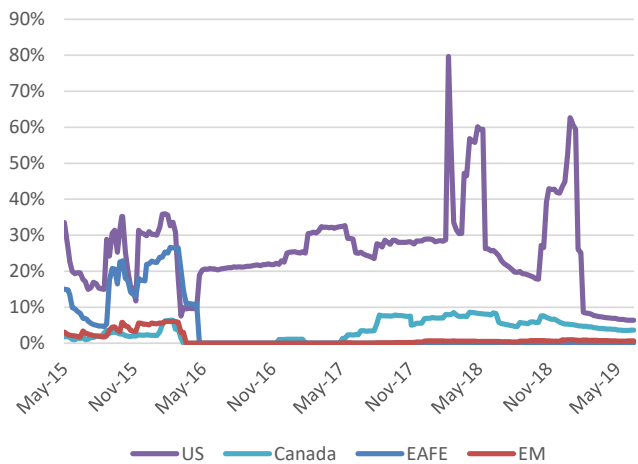
## Top Holdings

Ticker	Name	Position
ZST	BMO Ultra Short-Term Bond ETF	41.7%
EMLC	VanEck Vectors J.P. Morgan EM Local Currency Bond ETF	11.8%
BWZ	SPDR Bloomberg Barclays Short Term International Treasury Bond	9.3%
FLOT	iShares Floating Rate Bond ETF	6.9%
ZPR	BMO Laddered Preferred Share Index ETF	5.2%
TLT	iShares 20+ Year Treasury Bond ETF	3.1%
ZGD	BMO Equal Weight Global Gold Index ETF	2.5%
AML	Alerian MLP ETF	1.9%
ZPH	BMO US Put Write Hedged to CAD ETF	1.8%
ZPW	BMO US Put Write ETF	1.4%
ZWU	BMO Covered Call Utilities ETF	1.4%
ZWC	BMO Canadian High Dividend Covered Call ETF	1.2%
GLD	SPDR Gold Shares	0.7%
ZUP	BMO US Preferred Share Index ETF	0.6%
GDX	VanEck Vectors Gold Miners ETF	0.6%
ZRR	BMO Real Return Bond Index ETF	0.5%
<b>Total</b>		<b>90.5%</b>



# Tactical Asset Allocation

Equity	US	Canada	EAFE	EM
06/14/19	6.4%	3.7%	0.1%	0.7%
06/07/19	6.4%	3.6%	0.1%	0.6%
Change	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%



Sector	06/14/19	06/07/19	Change
Financials	0.50%	0.50%	0.0%
Energy	3.20%	3.21%	0.0%
Health Care	0.55%	0.55%	0.0%
Technology	0.58%	0.58%	0.0%
Industrials	0.38%	0.38%	0.0%
Discretionary	0.62%	0.62%	0.0%
Real Estate	9.31%	9.38%	-0.1%
Staples	0.16%	0.16%	0.0%
Telecom	0.50%	0.50%	0.0%
Utilities	0.71%	0.72%	0.0%
Materials	3.51%	3.43%	0.1%
Government	25.13%	25.12%	0.0%
Corporate	48.20%	48.35%	-0.2%
C\$ Cash	24.02%	12.78%	11.2%
U\$ Cash	-14.55%	-3.40%	-11.1%
Preferred	5.82%	5.84%	0.0%
Commodity	0.66%	0.66%	0.0%

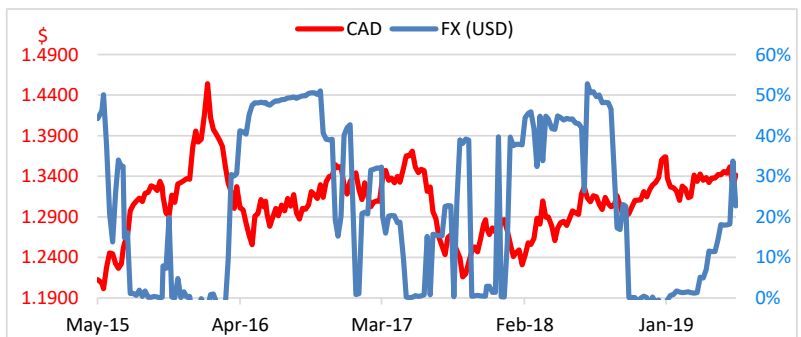
Bonds	Corp.	Govt.	Pref.	Cash	Duration
06/14/19	48.2%	25.1%	5.8%	9.5%	2.26
06/07/19	48.4%	25.1%	5.8%	9.4%	2.29
Change	-0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	-0.03

## Equity Country/Sector Allocation & Trades

We are not concerned about a new bull market developing. The markets are excited about a trade resolution and a dovish Fed. Nevertheless, the global economy continues to slow and the lagged impact of tighter policy will likely have negative impacts for growth. The global economy is only growing based on leverage and easy money. In the long run, we are seeing huge misallocation of capital and the credit bubble that's building will likely end badly. China may be at the front of that wave with the credit risk of the S&P 500 flirting with the biggest credit bubble in history. To say we are a growth skeptic would be an understatement. For the next several years, tactical asset allocation may be our only real return possibility. Europe is cheap because it's a house of cards with its strongest economy, Germany, basically in a recession. EM is cheap because it's leveraged to Europe. The US is overvalued because it's the only economy that's working, but that's been 100% leverage for the past decade with free money, which is coming to an end-- especially with the political shift to the LEFT that could leak in more inflation than the debt load can handle.

## Currency Strategy & Trades

We have moved our US\$ target over the next year to 76-70 cents with a bias towards the ALL-TIME low of 62 cents by the time the global recession plays out. Twin deficits and stupidity in Ottawa are the catalysts along with world energy prices collapsing in the downturn. We look to build US\$ exposure towards 50% of the portfolio in the coming months. That would push the beta of the portfolio to negative levels where we hope to have positive returns as the bear plays out.



## Fixed-Income/Commodity Allocation & Trades

The most important consideration in our fixed-income portfolio is interest-rate sensitivity versus the benchmark of 6.21. The duration of the portfolio is 2.26 down -0.03 last week. The idea that the FOMC will have to cut rates with the unemployment rate below 4% is a gross mispricing of risks. That said, it underscores how fragile the global economy is with the real yield on the entire world of fixed income negative and we cannot normalize. Worse yet, the 2020 US election will see the Democrats looking to spend bags of money as the DEBT troubles escalate. You would think that would all be bearish for bonds yet the long end of the curve is anchored. Gold should still provide a stable store of value and makes sense to own during periods of falling rates. A major breakout scenario is developing for gold and bonds.

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1 Benchmark is the return of the targeted portfolio 60% global equities and 40% global bonds hedged to Canadian dollars; 2 Beta is a measure of how a fund responds to moves in the broader market. A beta of greater than 1.0 suggests that the fund is more volatile than the market, while a beta of less than 1.0 suggests that the fund is less volatile. 3 Yield is the most recent income received by the fund in the form of dividends, interest and other income annualized based on the payment frequency, divided by the current market value of the fund's investments. 4 Volatility is the annualized standard deviation which is a measure of risk. 5 Upside/Downside is a statistical measure of how much of the fund performance a manager captured during up-markets or down-markets. Typically, an investor would prefer a higher upside capture and lower downside capture. The time period presented is since inception. 6 Standard Deviation is a measure of risk that calculates the variation of a fund's performance around its average over a specific time period.

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